

## POLYTECHNIC OF MEÐIMURJE IN ČAKOVEC

WINA Y II		COURSE S	YLLABU	S				
	ACADEMI		020/202					
1. GENERAL COURSE INFO			.020/202	- ±				
1.1 Course name		lage in Busine	ess Commu	inication 2	2			
1.2 Study program/s	English Language in Business Communication 2 Specialist graduate professional study in Tourism and Sports Management							
1.3 Course status (O,E)	0							0
1.4 Course code			inst	ruction	Exe	rcises	30	
1.5 Course abbreviation	EJPK2		(nu	mber of	Sem	inars		
1.6 Semester	2		hou	ırs)	E-le	arning		
1.7 ECTS	4		1.7 Plac	e and	The	premises	of the	e Polytechnic
			tim	e of	of N	1eđimurje	e in Ča	kovec,
			inst	ruction		ording to t		
					pub	lished on	the w	ebsite
2. TEACHING STAFF					1			
2.1 Course leader/s-title	Marija Mišča	nčuk, senior	contact		mm	iscancuk@	@mev	.hr
	lecturer							
			contact					
2.2 Assistant/s- title			contact					
		× .	contact					
2.3 Instruction held by-	Marija Mišča	contact		mmiscancuk@mev.hr				
title	lecturer							
3. COURSE DESCRIPTION	After comple	ting the cour	a tha atu	dont will	ho ok		Fngli	ch through all
3.1 Course goals	After completing the course, the student will be able to use English through all four language skills in the context of the profession.							
3.2 Prerequisites	Passed EJPK1 exam							
		CAUTT						
3.3 Course outcomes	It is expected	that student	s after con	npleting th	he co	urse Engli	sh Lar	nguage in
		Communicat				U U		
	1. use the ap	oropriate lan	guage regi	ster in a co	ertain	business	situa	tion, both
	orally an	d in writing,						
	2. check the r	-	•			•		
	3. Integrate business English topics covered during the course in the form of a							
	written essay							
	4. design an oral presentation on a specific topic in English							
3.4 Course content	The course consists of a section in which students are introduced to the basic components of business English. They are also introduced to the basic							
			-	•				
	grammatical structures necessary for communication in the above context in							
	English, as well as the basics of culture and civilization of the English-speaking countries.							
3.5 Types of coursework	countries.			Blended				
S.S. Types of coursework	x Lectures	x Exercise	s	e-	x	Individual		Laboratory
				learning		activities		
	Seminars	Distant		Field		Multimedi	а	Montorship
	x and workshops	x learning	5	classes		and network		Mentorship
	Other		I	1		HELWOIK		

instruction	Croatian/English							
3.7 Monitoring students'	0,5	Class a	ittendance	S	Seminars		Essay	
work (enter the number of ECTS	Class activity		Р	Project		Report/	/paper	
credits for each	1 Midterm exams					Continu	ious knowledge	
activity so that the	1 Midterm exams		P	Practical task		check		
total number of ECTS	Written exam			E	xperimental wo	ork 1	Present	ation
credits is equal to	0,5 Oral exam			R	esearch			
the total ECTS value								
of the course, 1 ECTS								
= 30 hours)								
3.8 Assessment and evaluation of			Activity specifi	cation	Percent	%	Points	1
students' work					during instruct			
during classes and at			ndance		5%		5	_
the final exam			entation term exam 1		15% 35%		15 35	_
			term exam 2		35%		35	_
		Oral	exam		10%		10	
		- L'um	n assessment fo	r the studen	to who failed to	a fullfil all th	apligatory	_
		Exur			during the sem		eobligatory	
		Writ	ten exam	1	90%		90	
		Tota	ıl:		100%		100	
	p. 000	entatio	n, or a final v	vritten exa	im.			
	Oral of An as exam been	<b>exam</b> ssistant n. Exam verifie	t or another s	student m nust be wri xam is ma	ust be prese itten down t inly used as	o determi an upgrad	ine if all ou le to the w	itcomes have
3.9 Assessment criteria –	Oral of An as exam been	<b>exam</b> ssistant n. Exam verifie	t or another s n questions m ed. The oral e ionally as the	student mi nust be wri xam is ma e only form	ust be prese itten down t inly used as o of knowled	o determi an upgrac lge assess	ine if all ou le to the w	itcomes have
analysis per learning	Oral of An as exam been	<b>exam</b> ssistant n. Exam verifie	t or another s n questions m ed. The oral e ionally as the	student mi nust be wri xam is ma e only form f evaluating	ust be prese itten down t inly used as n of knowled learning outco	o determi an upgrac Ige assess	ine if all ou le to the w ment.	itcomes have
	Oral of An as exam been	<b>exam</b> ssistant n. Exam verifie	t or another s n questions m ed. The oral e ionally as the	student mi nust be wri xam is ma e only form	ust be prese itten down t inly used as o of knowled	o determi an upgrac lge assess	ine if all ou le to the w ment.	itcomes have
analysis per learning	Oral of An as exam been only of	exam ssistant n. Exam verifie except	t or another s n questions m ed. The oral e ionally as the Ways o	student m nust be wr xam is ma e only form f evaluating Midterm 1 5	ust be prese itten down t inly used as of knowled learning outco Midterm 2 5	o determi an upgrac ge assess mes Presentat	ine if all ou le to the w ment. Oral exam 5	Total
analysis per learning	Oral of An as exam been only of Outcome of Outcome of Course of Co	exam ssistant n. Exam verifie except	t or another s n questions m ed. The oral e ionally as the Ways o	student mi nust be wri xam is ma only form f evaluating Midterm 1 5 10	ust be prese itten down t inly used as of knowled learning outco Midterm 2 5 10	o determi an upgrac ge assess mes Presentat	ine if all ou le to the w ment. Oral exam	Total
analysis per learning	Oral of An as exam been only of Outc	exam ssistant n. Exam verifie except	t or another s n questions m ed. The oral e ionally as the Ways o	student m nust be wr xam is ma e only form f evaluating Midterm 1 5	ust be prese itten down t inly used as of knowled learning outco Midterm 2 5	o determi an upgrac ge assess mes Presentat	ine if all ou le to the w ment. Oral exam 5	Total
analysis per learning	Oral of An as exam been only of Outc Outc Outc	exam ssistant n. Exam verifie except	t or another s o questions m ed. The oral e ionally as the Ways o Attendance	student mi nust be wri xam is ma only form f evaluating Midterm 1 5 10	ust be prese itten down t inly used as of knowled learning outco Midterm 2 5 10	o determi an upgrac ge assess mes Presentat ion	ine if all ou le to the w ment. Oral exam 5	Total 10 20 40 15
analysis per learning	Oral of An as exam been only of Outc Outc Outc	exam ssistant n. Exam verifie except come 1 come 2 come 3 come 4	t or another son questions med. The oral e ionally as the <b>Ways o</b> Attendance	student mi nust be wri xam is ma only form f evaluating Midterm 1 5 10	ust be prese itten down t inly used as of knowled learning outco Midterm 2 5 10	o determi an upgrac ge assess mes Presentat ion	ine if all ou le to the w ment. Oral exam 5 5	Total 10 20 40 15 5
analysis per learning	Oral of An as exam been only of Outc Outc Outc Outc	exam ssistant n. Exam verifie except come 1 come 1 come 2 come 3	t or another s o questions m ed. The oral e ionally as the Ways o Attendance	student mi nust be wri xam is ma only form f evaluating Midterm 1 5 10	ust be prese itten down t inly used as of knowled learning outco Midterm 2 5 10	o determi an upgrac ge assess mes Presentat ion	ine if all ou le to the w ment. Oral exam 5	Total 10 20 40 15
analysis per learning	Oral of An as exam been only of Outc Outc Outc Outc Outc Outc Outc	exam ssistant n. Exam verifie except come 1 come 2 come 3 come 4 come 4	t or another son questions med. The oral e ionally as the ionally as the Ways of Attendance	student mi nust be wri xam is ma e only form f evaluating Midterm 1 5 10 20 35 35	ust be prese itten down t inly used as of knowled learning outco Midterm 2 5 10 20 35 35	o determinan upgrad	ine if all ou le to the w ment. Oral exam 5 5 5 10 10	Total           10           20           40           15           5           100           10
analysis per learning	Oral of An as exam been only of Outc Outc Outc Outc Outc Outc Outc Outc	exam ssistant r. Exam verifie except come 1 come 2 come 3 come 4 come 4	t or another son questions med. The oral e ionally as the Ways of Attendance 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	student minust be write xam is ma conly form fevaluating Midterm 1 5 10 20 35 35 5 order to p	ust be prese itten down t inly used as of knowled learning outco Midterm 2 5 10 20 35 35 35 5 oass the mide	o determinan upgrad an upgrad ge assess Presentat ion 15 15 15 	ine if all ou le to the w ment. Oral exam 5 5 5 5 10 10 5 m/exam th	Total           10           20           40           15           5           100           10
analysis per learning outcomes	Oral 6 An as exam been only 6 Outc Outc Outc Outc Outc Outc Outc Outc	exam ssistant n. Exam verifie except come 1 come 2 come 3 come 4 come 4	t or another son questions med. The oral elements of the oral element (5) or the oral element	student minust be write xam is ma e only form f evaluating Midterm 1 5 10 20 35 35 order to p % points for	ust be prese itten down t inly used as of knowled learning outco Midterm 2 5 10 20 35 35 5 oass the mid- or each learn	o determinan upgrad an upgrad ge assess mes Presentat ion 15 15 -term exa ning outco	ine if all ou le to the w ment. Oral exam 5 5 5 10 10 10 5 m/exam th ome)	Total 10 20 40 15 5 100 10 ne student
analysis per learning	Oral 6 An as exam been only 6 Outc Outc Outc Outc Outc Outc Outc Outc	exam ssistant n. Exam verifie except come 1 come 2 come 3 come 4 come 4	t or another son questions med. The oral e ionally as the Ways of Attendance 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	student minust be write xam is ma e only form f evaluating Midterm 1 5 10 20 35 35 order to p % points for hts will write	rite 2 midte	rm exame	ine if all ou le to the w ment. Oral exam 5 5 5 10 10 5 m/exam th ome)	Total           10           20           40           15           5           100           10

	an used in the first 7 weeks. The 2nd with me seems is written after the other 7	
	covered in the first 7 weeks. The 2nd midterm exam is written after the other 7 weeks of classes and covers the learning outcomes covered in the other 7 weeks of classes. Midterm exams are taken during the teaching period in the 1st week after each cycle of 7 weeks of teaching. The type of questions is defined by the teacher, but all questions and tasks cover the course material or learning outcomes. The topic of the seminar is determined by the teacher in cooperation with the student, and the date of the seminar is defined. After the submission of the seminar, the date of the presentation is determined. A student who does not take any of the intermediate exams or does not submit a seminar or give a presentation has not met the conditions for exemption from the written exam and must take the written exam, followed by an oral exam. The final grade is obtained in the oral part of the exam. If the student collects 50% of the points of each outcome, he / she directly takes the oral exam. If a student does not take the next midterm exam. Once won points in midterm exams for each learning outcome are no longer deleted unless the student decides to correct the result for a particular learning outcome, whereby the points won until then are deleted and newly earned points are entered for that learning outcome.	
3.11 Students obligations	Full-time students are required to attend at least 70% of the total number of	
3.11 Students obligations 3.12 Written assignments	hours of lectures and exercises in order to exercise the right to take the exam. Part-time students are required to attend at least 30% of the total number of hours of lectures and exercises in order to exercise the right to take the exam. If the student has not fulfilled all the obligations set by the course, he is obliged to attend the lectures again and meet the conditions for taking the exam. Attendance can be offset by online tuition, organised webinars and added assignments given by teachers. One lesson lasts 45 minutes, and several hours form a teaching unit. Absence from one teaching unit is counted as one absence. Delays and apologies are recorded separately. In that case, if the student missed more than 50% of classes, and has a justifiable reason/apology, the request should be submitted to the Department Council, which then decides on the justification of student absences with the obligatory opinion of the course leader. Seminar papers must be computer written and may have a maximum of 12 text cards (Times New Roman, font 12) from introduction to conclusion, together with pictures, appendices, tables, etc. Seminar papers must have an adequate title page, content, marked pages and literature. The seminar paper should be divided into chapters and contain a list of references and a list of figures and tables and graphs and finally a summary / conclusion in the size of 250 words.	
	The student guarantees the authenticity of the work with his signature.	
3.13 Required reading	<ol> <li>Miščančuk M., Engleski jezik u poslovnoj komunikaciji 1 - Manuscript</li> <li>2.</li> </ol>	
3.14 Additional reading	1. Murphy, R. , English Grammar in Use, CUP	
	2. Advanced Oxford Dictionary OUP, 8th edition	
	3. McKeown, A., Wright, R., Professional English in Use, Management, CUP, 2011.	
	4. Farrall, C., Lindslay, M., Professional English in Use, Marketing CUP, 2008.	
	5. Walker, R., Harding, K., Oxford English for Careers, Tourism 3, OUP, 2009.	
4 ADDITIONAL COURSE INI	FORMATION	
4.1 Quality control	The quality of the program, teaching process, teaching skills and level of mastery of the material will be established by conducting a written evaluation based on questionnaires, and in other standardised ways and in accordance	
	with the by-laws of the Polytechnic of Međimurje in Čakovec.	

	act the teacher	Students can contact the teacher during the office hours and during classes, while for short questions and explanations they can contact him/her any day during working hours by coming in person or by landline. It is also possible to ask questions by e-mail, which will be answered in 48 hours at the latest. It is desirable for students to come as often as possible for any possible questions during the teacher's office hours.					
	rmation about course	notifications about	ut the classes or pos lletin board and on t	be regularly informed about t sible postponement of classes the website of the Polytechnic	will be		
to the study program problem IS2 Use		problem solving r IS2 Use English in and lay people.	IS 1Apply the acquired learning skills, basic knowledge of the profession and problem solving necessary for continuing studies at a higher level. IS2 Use English in the appropriate domain in communication with professionals and lay people.				
5. ANALY course)	YSIS OF COURSE TC	PICS (the number o	of hours is equal to	the number of lectures and ex	ercises of the		
			LECTURES				
Hours	Topic and description		Method • Direct teaching (lecture, instruction, pp presentation) • Discovery learning (individual, lead, discussion) • Group learning • Case study • Field classes	Learning outcomes	Course outcome		
1.	Introduction to the course and a detailed syllabus. Defining content		Lecture, ppt presentation				
2.	Formal/informal English language		Lecture, ppt presentation	Identify differences between formal / informal vocabulary in a business context	12.3		
3.	e-mail/letters/memos		Lecture, ppt presentation	Analyse different types of written correspondence	3		
4.	Types of business letters – Inquiry/offer/order/complaint		Lecture, ppt presentation	Identify different types of business letters	13		
5.	Telephoning – typ communication	pe of oral	Lecture, ppt presentation	Analyse different possibilities of oral communication throughout history	12		
6.	Mobile phones – advantages and c	•	Lecture, ppt presentation	Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of mobile phones	1,2		
7.	Midterm exam 1		Lecture, ppt presentation	Outcomes check	I 1,2,3		
8.	Sport – term and overview, Olympi		Individual work	Analyse the term sport	11		
9.	Type of sport, description – football		Lecture, ppt presentation	Discover the meaning of terms related to a particular sport	1,2		

10.		Lecture, ppt	Define the differences of	
10.	Sport and tourism	presentation	different types of sports	1,2
		presentation	tourism	1 1,2
11.				
11.	International business	Lecture, ppt	Analyse the differences in business communication in	12
	communication	presentation		12
			different countries	
12.		Lecture, ppt	Analyse the differences in	
	Business stereotypes	presentation	business communication in	I 1,2
			different countries	
13.	Legal vocabulary	Lecture, ppt	Analyse legal vocabulary in	12
		presentation	a business context	
14.	Vocabulary – contracts,	Lecture, ppt	Analyse legal vocabulary in	12
	agreements	presentation	a business context	12
15.	Midterm exam	Individual work	Outcome check	1,2,3
	EX	ERCISES/ SEMINARS	5	
		Method		
		<ul> <li>Direct teaching</li> </ul>		
		(lecture,		
		instruction, pp		
		presentation)		
Hours	Topic and description	<ul> <li>Discovery learning</li> </ul>	Learning outcomes	Course
nours		(individual, lead,		outcome
		discussion)		
		<ul> <li>Group learning</li> </ul>		
		Case study		
		<ul> <li>Field classes</li> </ul>		
1.	Introducing students to the way of	direct teaching		
2.	working and their obligations, the	((lecture, pp		
۷.	working and their obligations, the way of checking knowledge.	presentation)		
3.	way of checking knowledge.	presentation	Identify differences	
5.			between formal / informal	
	Formal/informal English language	Group learning	vocabulary in a business	l 1,2
			,	
4			context	
4. F	E-mail/letters/memos	Group learning	Analyse different types of	13
5.			written communication	
6.	The second secon	Working on the	Analyse different types of	
	Types of business letters	text, learning by	written communication	12
_		discovery		
7.		Working on the		
	Inquiry/offer	text, learning by	Write an inquiry/offer	13
		discovery		
		Working on the		
8.	Order/complaint	text, learning by	Write an order/complaint	13
		discovery		
9.	Business letters - Exercise	Guided learning	Write a business letter	13
		by discovery		
		Working on the	Analyse different	
	Telephoning – type of oral	-	possibilities of oral	1.2
10.	communication	text, learning by	communication throughout	12
		discovery	history	
11.			Discuss the advantages and	
12.	Mobile phones – history,	Discussion	disadvantages of mobile	1,2
	advantages and disadvantages	_	phones	,
	1	I		I

	Telephone conversation – exercise	Group work	Create and act out a telephone conversation	1,2
13. 14.	Student presentations	Pp presentation	Prepare and deliver a presentation	14
15. 16.	Revision	Individual work	Outcomes check	l 1,2, 3
17.	Sport – term and historical overview	Working on the text, learning by discovery	Analyse the term sport	1,2
18.	Olympic Games	Working on the text, Group work	Analyse the text	1,2
19.	Sport and tourism	Working on the text, Group work	Define the differences of different types of sports tourism	1,2
20.	Example of a sport, description - football	Working on the text, learning by discovery	Apply appropriate vocabulary in context	1,2
21.	International business communication - generally	Working on the text, learning by discovery	Analyse the differences in the way of business communication in different countries	12
22.	Business ethics in Japan - text	Working on the text, learning by discovery	Analyse the way of business communication inJapan	1,2
23.	American way of business communication	Learning by discovery, individual learning	Analyse the way of business communication in the USA	1,2
24.	Stereotypes	Working on the text, Discussion	Compare stereotypes	1,2
25.	Legal vocabulary	Discovery learning, guided	Analyse legal vocabulary in a business context	I 1,2
26.	Vocabulary – contracts, agreements	Group work	Analyse legal vocabulary in a business context	1,2
27. 28.	Student presentations	Pp presentation	Prepare and deliver a presentation	14
29. 30.	Revision	Individual work	Outcomes check	1,2,3